# Bottlenose Dolphin (Tursiops truncatus) Health Assessment Studies in the Gulf of Mexico

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# Why Conduct Population Health Assessments?

- Identify/understand population stressors
  - Mitigate effects
  - Plan effective conservation efforts
- Management Drivers
  - Protected and endangered species (MMPA, ESA)
  - Sentinel species of ecosystem & human health
  - Natural Resource Damage Assessments



dolphins 10-100 ppm large fish 2-8 ppm

> s<mark>mall fish</mark> 1-4 ppm

plankton 0.04 ppm

## Tiered Approach to Health Assessment

#### • Tier 1, hazard identification

- Stranding response, investigation
- Environmental monitoring (*e.g.* Status & Trends, HAB monitoring, prey sampling)



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- Tier 2, exposure (& effects) assessment
  - Photographic monitoring
  - Remote biopsy tissue sampling





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- Environmental monitoring (*e.g.* Status & Trends, HAB monitoring, prey sampling)
- Tier 2, exposure (& effects) assessment
  - Photographic monitoring
  - Remote biopsy tissue sampling
- Tier 3, effects (& exposure) assessment
  - Capture-release health assessment
  - Tagging, longitudinal photographic monitoring





# Health Assessment: Diagnostics

- Physical Exam, ultrasound
- Mass:length ratio
- CBC/blood chemistry/blood gases
- Serology, endocrinology (blood)
- Functional immunology (blood)
- Urinalysis
- Skin, oral assessment
- Biotoxin measures (urine, feces, blood)

- Contaminant measures (blubber, blood, skin)
- Blowhole swabs (cytology, pathogen analysis)





## Tursiops Baseline Data

Samples analyzed by established laboratories (NIST, Cornell)

Established reference intervals for many health parameters (CBC, serum chemistry, mass:length ratio)





Baseline levels for PCBs, PBDEs, suite of organochlorine pesticides

## **Gulf of Mexico Health Assessments**



Stock map from: Vollmer NL, Rosel PE. 2013. A review of common bottlenose dolphins (*Tursiops truncatus truncatus*) in the northern Gulf of Mexico: Population biology, potential threats, and management. *Southeastern Naturalist* 13:1-43.

# Gulf of Mexico Health Assessments - Historical



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# Gulf of Mexico Health Assessments - Recent



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# Notable Findings Published To-Date

- Exposure to multiple biotoxins for Florida *Tursiops* populations
  - Schwacke et al. 2010, Environmental Research
  - Twiner et al. 2011, PLoS One
- Morbillivirus circulates in northern Gulf *Tursiops* stocks
  - Rowles et al. 2010, *Marine Mammal Science*
- Highest POP concentrations along mid-Atlantic coast
  - Kucklick et al. 2011, Environmental Science & Technology
  - Schwacke et al. 2011, Proceedings of the Royal Society
  - Balmer et al. 2011, Science of the Total Environment
- POP concentrations vary with sex, reproductive status, temporally; correlation between concentration in blubber versus blood
  - Yordy et al. 2010, Science of the Total Environment
- Lung, adrenal health effects & poor body condition in *Tursiops* following oil exposure
  - Schwacke et al. 2013, Environmental Science & Technology

# **Future Vision**

- More from remote sampling (biopsy, breath, tagging)
- Coordinated data management, mapping, spatial/temporal analysis to maximize information
  - Tier 1
    - Coordinated surveillance (HealthMAP, NOS Coastal Intelligence)
  - Tier 2
    - Photo-ID (GoMDIS, OBIS SEAMAP, GCOOS)
    - Remote Biopsy (HealthMAP)
  - Tier 3
    - Capture-release (HealthMAP)
    - Longitudinal Monitoring (GoMDIS, GCOOS)